

# Core 32 STM32F4



## Introduction

Main features of the STM32F4 based MBHP\_CORE\_STM32F4 module:

- 1MB Flash and 192k RAM (significantly more than previous core modules)
- The STM32F4 evaluation board is available for 15 EUR at Mouser, 17 EUR at Watterott (Germany), 11 GBP at Farnell (GB) - and meanwhile even at Amazon!
- It will be attached on the MBHP\_CORE\_STM32F4 PCB, but can also be used standalone for mini applications which only require USB MIDI and a small number of IOs or the Audio DAC.
- Easily available for private persons in small quantities and no SMD soldering skills required
- ARM Cortex-M4 CPU is widely supported by the GNU toolchain, accordingly source code can be compiled under Windows/Linux/macOS w/o spending money for an expensive ARM compiler
- increased performance compared to STM32F1xx and LPC17xx because of the higher frequency (168 MHz)
- the enhanced instruction set with DSP operations makes Cortex-M4 very interesting for audio applications (e.g. Synths and Fx)
- MIO32 applications are typically running more than 2.3 times faster than on STM32F103RE @72 MHz, and ca. 50% faster than on a LPC1769 @120 MHz
- Very useful integrated peripherals for MIDI and Synthesizer applications, such as UART, SPI, I2C, USB, CAN, Timers, ADC, DAC
- The USB OTG (Micro-USB) socket supports MIDI Host, which means that it's possible to connect a USB MIDI Keyboard or Synth (see also this forum article)
- The on-board Audio DAC predestinates this module for synthesizer projects - it could even be used standalone without the MBHP\_CORE\_STM32F4 breakout board for this purpose.
- in distance to STM32F103RE, CAN and USB can be used in parallel
- It's easy to interface external components like SD Cards and MBHP\_ETH

- STM32F4xx is supplied at 3V, but 5V tolerant inputs allow to access all existing MBHP modules without additional hardware.
- Performance boost by using the DMA for background operations, such as scanning DIN/DOOUT modules, analog inputs but also I2S transfers (Audio Output) w/o loading the CPU
- Supported by a free available Realtime Operating System: FreeRTOS
- no external flash programmer required, ST-LINK/V2 is part of the STM32F4DISCOVERY board to program the MIOS32 bootloader into a “virgin” device
- Fast upload of application code via USB MIDI (ca. 50kb/s) - thanks to the MIOS32 Bootloader

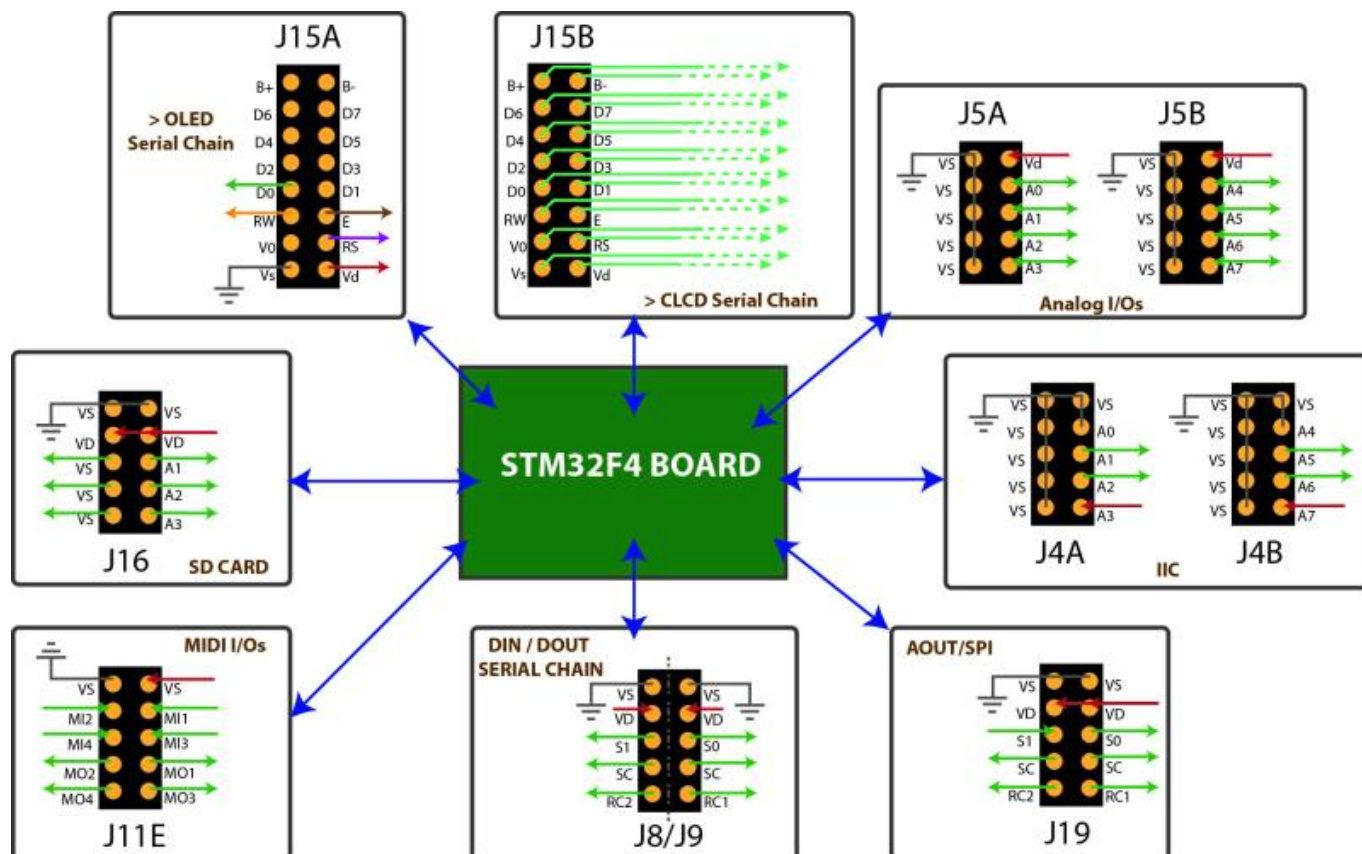
## Known Issues

- ADCs cannot be supplied at 5V, 3.3V is the limit, and the STM32F4DISCOVERY board uses an even lower voltage (3V). This decreases the signal/noise ratio. The MBHP\_AINSER64 and MBHP\_AINSER8 module helps to overcome this by using an external 5V ADC.
- Pin mapping suboptimal in some cases. E.g., the outputs of the integrated DAC (not the on-board Audio-DAC) overlay SPI1 pins. However, one DAC channel has been freed up with the small drawback that SPI1 can't be used in slave mode.
- The IO pins of the SDIO peripheral (high speed SD Card access) conflicts with the on-board Audio DAC, so that it can't be used.
- Although the chip contains 6 UARTs, only 4 RX and TX pins could be found for MIDI IN/OUT. IN3/OUT3 even have to use two different UARTs.
- No on-board Ethernet PHY
- No PHY for the second USB peripheral - would be nice to have, e.g. to support USB MIDI device and host (e.g. for the connection of a USB MIDI Keyboard), USB Memory Sticks or even a USB harddisk in parallel.

## Parts List

See [Core32 Parts List](#)

## Inputs/Outputs Ports



## Buy Places

From:

<http://www.midibox.org/dokuwiki/> - **MIDIbox**

Permanent link:

[http://www.midibox.org/dokuwiki/doku.php?id=stm32f4\\_module&rev=1470245573](http://www.midibox.org/dokuwiki/doku.php?id=stm32f4_module&rev=1470245573)

Last update: **2016/08/03 17:32**

