MIDIbox Quad Genesis: Front Panel

To build the front panel of MIDIbox Quad Genesis, you will need (details on each part below):

- An aluminum front panel
- A PCB to hold all the buttons, LEDs, encoders, etc., and of course all these electronic components themselves
- A bunch of 3D printed transparent button caps
- Some 3D printed transparent LED pipes for the FM widget
- A 2×40 standard MIDIbox-compliant character LCD screen
- Knob caps for the encoders, including a datawheel-style cap for the datawheel encoder
- The dual-gang and single-gang potentiometers (one each) for the Genesis module volume controls, and their appropriate knob caps (see MBHP GENESIS)
- A whole bunch of M3 or 4-40 screws, nuts, washers, and standoffs
- Standard MIDIbox 10-pin and 16-pin IDC cables, for connecting the front panel PCB to the core's J8/9 and for connecting the LCD to the core's J15A

Aluminum Front Panel

Here is the design I used to manufacture the aluminum front panel for my synth: mbqg_fp_original.fpd (You will need to be logged in to your MIDIbox Forum account to access these downloads)

Here is a modified design with the LED pipes in the LED rings having been replaced by 3mm LEDs just sticking through holes in the aluminum: mbqg fp modledrings.fpd

It took me over 2 hours just to insert the tiny LED pipes in the slits in one single front panel with the first design, which is why I recommend the second. Since they're 3D printed (see below), they have a small range of sizes, and at that scale some are too big and some are too small. I still left them in place for the FM widget and the DAC VU meter; if you don't want those either for some reason, it shouldn't be hard to replace them with holes.

All the LED holes and screw mounting holes are 1/8" (3.17 mm), which should give 3mm LEDs a little play (some are in practice slightly wider than 3mm, and some aren't actually 3mm at all). On my own panel, I had to drill out some of the holes a bit for the yellow and green LEDs sticking through the front panel; I recommend you buy the LEDs you're going to put through the holes first and measure them before you have the front panel manufactured. These holes are also big enough for both M3 and 4-40" screws, so no problem there.

It may be possible to make the front panel out of acrylic, a-la MIDIbox SEQ V4. Since the front panel PCB is bolted to it in many places, it will probably be sturdy enough. If it's not, there's a row of screw holes slightly below halfway down the panel, and maybe you can have those screws go into an aluminum bar spanning the width of the front panel and attaching to the sides of your case, to provide extra support in the middle.

MBQG_FP PCB

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A custom front panel PCB is purchaseable directly from Sauraen for \$50 plus at-cost shipping. It includes a free detachable MBHP_GENESIS_LS PCB in the space where the volume knobs will be on the front panel. If you are interested in purchasing one, contact Sauraen by private message at the MIDIbox Forums or post in the MIDIbox Quad Genesis thread there.

Pilotos
Front:
×
Back:
×
Populated and with almost all LEDs lit:
×

Parts List for MBQG FP PCB

This is the set of parts I used to build the two MIDIbox Quad Genesis units I constructed. It can also serve as guidelines for if you're building your own board from scratch on veroboard. Here are some notes and caveats:

- As explained above in the section of the aluminum front panel, I used LED pipes for the LED rings, to give them a distinctive oblong shape. To save money on the milling costs and labor on inserting hundreds of tiny plastic pieces into the front panel, most of which are either too small or too big, I recommend making the LED rings just by having 3mm LEDs sticking up through the aluminum. In this case, the LEDs I used below will be too bright to look at directly-they were used to illuminate the LED pipes. So please consider changing to different LEDs.
- Please note that for the LEDs which are under illuminated buttons or under the remaining LED pipes, you will need LEDs which are very bright like the ones below! Cheap 1mcd LEDs will be completely invisible! You need at least 1000mcd; the brightnesses I used are listed below. If you are going to the trouble of making this thing, don't skimp on the LEDs!
- Also don't skimp on the encoders! For MIDIbox FM V2.0/V2.1 I used cheap encoders from China to save money, and many of them barely work anymore!
- Of course, the color of all the LEDs is completely up to personal preference, though you should always use the same two colors beneath all bi-color buttons. Please plan out carefully how many of each type of LED you will need based on your color preferences and which LEDs will be sticking through the front panel versus lighting up buttons or light pipes. Trust me, you don't want to use regular LEDs to try to light up the plastic, it'll look dim and poor; and you don't want to use the high-brightness LEDs sticking through the front panel, they will blind you!
- On the PCB itself, the individual buttons, LEDs, and diodes are usually not marked. To simplify PCB design in KiCad, "assemblies" were created with e.g. an encoder and 16 LEDs, or a button, two LEDs, and a diode. This is why they're marked "A21" or whatever. All the diodes are the same 1N914 or 1N4148 (or actually any through-hole small signal diode), and each one has a cathode marking, so there should never be any confusion. With the exception of the LEDs in the LED rings, every LED on the board has an actual diode symbol marked, so there should be no

confusion about which direction they go (square pad is anode is longer lead). In the LED rings, the four quadrant LEDs' directions are marked, and the rest go in the corresponding direction, following around the circle (anode always on inside). All the tact switches are also the same-just make sure each one is pushed in fully before soldering!

Description	Mouser P/N	Quantity
Encoders; 0.1" board mount with switch; bushing; 24 PPR, 24 detent; etc. If you want to save a couple dollars, you can use the ones without the switch for all the encoders except the datawheel and the four Operator Level encoders-those are the only ones for which the switch is wired up.	652-PEC12R3220FS0024	21
Tact switches; standard, 5mm high	611-PTS645SM502	115
Diodes for button matrix	583-1N4148-T	120
Red LEDs for lighting buttons/caps (4500mcd (!))	604-WP710A10SRC/J4	87
Orange LEDs for lighting buttons/caps (2700mcd (!))	604-WP710A10SEC	9
Yellow LEDs for lighting buttons/caps (3200mcd (!))	859-LTL17KYV3JS	24
Green LEDs for lighting buttons/caps (7200mcd (!))	859-LTL17KTGX3KS	74
Blue LEDs for lighting buttons/caps (1500mcd (!))	859-LTL17KTBS3KS	220
Red LEDs for panel indication (i.e. sticking through holes in front panel) (Tinted, Diffused)	604-WP710A10SRD/D	26
Orange LEDs for panel indication (Tinted, Diffused)	696-SSL-LX3044SOD	7
Yellow LEDs for panel indication (Tinted, Diffused) (For some reason I ended up using these only for the yellow LEDs in the commands display and the load meter, not for the crosspoints in the FM widget; it may have been because I wanted clear-looking LEDs in the FM widget to go with all the other clear/white things there, or because these LEDs are closer to yellow than to amber, and the other LEDs in the FM widget were more amber)	710-151031YS06000	23
Green LEDs for panel indication (Tinted, Clear-I couldn't get appropriate brightness diffused ones)	859-LTL1CHJGTNN	51
Blue LEDs for panel indication (NOT tinted, Diffused-the picture lies, they're white diffused but light up blue; and actually these are a bit too bright to use for sticking through the front panel. You could fudge something with the resistors supplying these columns to try to reduce the brightness, but I might recommend looking for alternative LEDs.)	593-VAOL-3LSBY1	28
Red/Green 5mm LEDs for FM widget operator nodes (3 wire common ANODE)	696-LLX5099SRSGCCA	4
Large LED display	859-LTC-5623HR	1
Small LED displays	859-LSHD-7501	5
Row drive NMOSFETs (2n7000s aren't strong enough)	689-VN3205N3-G	8
74HC595 shift registers, SOIC-16	511-M74HC595YRM13TR	12
74HC165 shift registers, SOIC-16	863-MC74HC165ADR2G	8
220 ohm x 8 resistor packs, SOIC-16	652-4816P-1LF-220	11
10k ohm x 4 resistor packs, SIL-5 (RP13-RP28, not RP0 and RP1)	858-L051S103LF	16

Description	Mouser P/N	Quantity
1k ohm x 4 resistor packs, SIL-5 (these are just RP0 and RP1)	652-4605X-1LF-1K	2
Electrolytic caps (470 uF)	647-UVR1C471MPD	3
Ceramic/film caps (0.1 uF)	Buy by the 100 from eBay	~20
10k dual gang audio taper panel mount pot (OPN2 volume)	313-1240F-10K	1
10k audio taper panel mount pot	858-P160KNPC15A10K	1
5×2 pin header	Buy in larger size (preferably from eBay) and snap off	1

Don't forget: the 2×40 character LCD, the pin header for the LCD, the ribbon cable and IDC connectors for the LCD and front panel, knob caps for the regular encoders, datawheel knob cap for the datawheel, knob caps for the volume pots.

Schematic and Reference Designators

Schematic image (unfortunately, MIDIbox Gallery scaled down the original image, and offsite documentation is frowned upon):

Front panel KiCad project coming soon!

For Color fields, as discussed above, you may change the colors to whatever you want, but it is recommended to keep the colors consistent (e.g. make everything "green" below be the same color, and everything "red" below be a different color). For the Red/Green buttons below, the Red LED is always on the left and the Green LED is always on the right.

Ref. Des.	Туре	Color	Description
A1	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	FM operator parameter "Harmonic" ("FMult")
A2	Encoder + 7-LED ring	Rainbow	FM operator parameter "Detune"
A3	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	FM operator parameter "Atk Rate"
A4	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	FM operator parameter "Dec1 Rate"
A5	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	FM operator parameter "Dec1 Level"
A6	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	FM operator parameter "Dec2 Rate"
A7	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	FM operator parameter "Rel Rate"
A8	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	OPN2 parameter "Ch3 CSM Freq"
A9	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	PSG voice parameter "Freq"
A10	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	PSG voice parameter "Volume"
A11	Button + LED	Red	FM operator parameter "KSR" (Key Scale Rate)
A12	Button + LED	Red	FM operator SSG-EG parameter "On"
A13	Button + LED	Red	FM operator SSG-EG parameter "Init"
A14	Button + LED	Red	FM operator SSG-EG parameter "Toggle"
A15	Button + LED	Red	FM operator SSG-EG parameter "Hold"
A16	Button + LED	Red	FM operator parameter "LFO AM" (LFO → operator amplitude modulation toggle)
A17	Button + LED	Red	OPN2 parameter "Ch3 CSM Fast" (originally Timer A fast, now Timer A enable)

Ref. Des.	Туре	Color	Description
A18-A21	Encoder + 16-LED ring	Blue	FM voice parameter "Oper 1 Level" - "Oper 4 Level"
A22	Encoder + 8-LED ring	Blue	FM voice parameter "LFO-Freq Depth" (LFO → frequency modulation depth)
A23	Encoder + 4-LED ring	Blue	FM voice parameter "LFO-Amp Depth" (LFO → amplitude modulation depth)
A24	Encoder + 8-LED ring	Blue	OPN2 parameter "LFO Freq"
A25	Button + LED	Red	OPN2 parameter "Ugly" (now-famous test bit 0x21:4)
A26	Button + LED	Red	OPN2 parameter "DAC Override" (test bit 0x2C:5)
A27	Button + LED	Red	OPN2 parameter "LFO Enable"
A28	Button + LED	Red	OPN2 parameter "EG Enable" (invert of test bit 0x21:5)
A29-A32	Button + LED	Green	Operator Selection 1-4
A33-A44	Button + 2 LEDs	Red/Green	Genesis 1 Voice Selection: DAC, FM voices 1-6, OPN2 globals, PSG voices 1-3, noise
A45-A56	Button + 2 LEDs	Red/Green	Genesis 2 Voice Selection: DAC, FM voices 1-6, OPN2 globals, PSG voices 1-3, noise
A57	Encoder + 8-LED ring	Blue	OPN2 voice parameter "Feedback"
A58-A69	Button + 2 LEDs	Red/Green	Genesis 3 Voice Selection: DAC, FM voices 1-6, OPN2 globals, PSG voices 1-3, noise
A70-A81	Button + 2 LEDs	Red/Green	Genesis 4 Voice Selection: DAC, FM voices 1-6, OPN2 globals, PSG voices 1-3, noise
A82	Button + LED	Red	OPN2 parameter "DAC Enable"
A83	Button + LED	Green	System Mode
A84	Button + LED	Green	Voice Mode
A85	Button + LED	Green	Channel Mode
A86	Button + LED	Green	Program Mode
A87	Button + LED	Green	VGM Editor Mode
A88	Button + LED	Green	Modulator Mode
A89	Button + LED	Green	Sample Mode
A90	Button + LED	Red	Mute
A91	Button + LED	Red	Solo
A92	Button + LED	Red	Release
A93	Button + LED	Red	Panel Override
A94	Button + LED	Green	Restart
A95	Button + LED	Green	Play
A96	Button + LED	Green	Reset
A97	Button + LED	Green	Load
A98	Button + LED	Green	Save
A99	Button + LED	Green	New
A100	Button + LED	Green	Delete
A101	Button + LED	Green	Crop
A102	Button + LED	Green	Capture
A103	Button + LED	Green	Duplicate
A104	Button + LED	Green	Paste
A105	Button + LED	Red/Green	Ctrl
A106	Button + LED	Red/Green	Time

Ref. Des.	Туре	Color	Color Description			
A107	7-LED Column	Red	VGM Commands Display: Ctrl			
A108	7-LED Column	Red	VGM Commands Display: Time			
A109	7-LED Column	Yellow	VGM Commands Display: OPN2			
A110	7-LED Column	Green	VGM Commands Display: FM 1			
A111	7-LED Column	Green	VGM Commands Display: FM 2			
A112	7-LED Column	Green	VGM Commands Display: FM 3			
A113	7-LED Column	Green	VGM Commands Display: FM 4			
A114	7-LED Column	Green	VGM Commands Display: FM 5			
A115	7-LED Column	Green	VGM Commands Display: FM 6			
A116	7-LED Column	Orange	VGM Commands Display: DAC			
A117	7-LED Column	Blue	VGM Commands Display: OP/SQ 1			
A118	7-LED Column	Blue	VGM Commands Display: OP/SQ 2			
A119	7-LED Column	Blue	VGM Commands Display: OP/SQ 3			
A120	7-LED Column	Blue	VGM Commands Display: OP4/NS			
A121	Button + LED	Green	Commands View			
A122	Button + LED	Green	State View			
A123	Button + LED	Red	Group			
C1-C20	Capacitor	N/A	0.1uF ceramic or film capacitors for chips			
C21-C23	Capacitor	N/A	470uF electrolytic capacitors for power rails, reverse mounted			
D1-D5	Diode	N/A	Diodes for encoder buttons; all normal button diodes included in Assembly or Switch			
DS1	LED Display	Red	Main Display			
DS2	LED Display	Red	Octave			
DS3-DS6	LED Display	Red	Frequency			
E1	Encoder	N/A	OPN2 voice parameter "Octave"			
E2	Encoder	N/A	OPN2 voice parameter "Frequency"			
E3	Encoder	N/A	Datawheel			
LD1-LD3	LED	Red	OPN2 Ch3 Mode			
LD4-LD7	LED	Red	PSG Noise Freq			
LD8-LD9	LED	Red	PSG Noise Type			
LD10, LD16	LED	Yellow	FM Voice Output			
LD11-LD14, LD24-LD29, LD37-LD40, LD48-LD49	LED	Yellow	FM Widget Path			
LD15, LD17, LD22, LD23, LD30, LD31, LD36, LD42, LD44	LED	Orange	DAC VU Meter			
LD18-LD21	Bicolor LED	Red/Green	FM Widget Operator Node			
LD33-LD35, LD45-LD46, LD51	LED	Yellow	FM Widget Path Node			
LD32	LED	Red	FM Widget Feedback			

Ref. Des.	Туре	Color	Description
LD41, LD43, LD47, LD50	LED	Yellow	Key On
R1-R2	Resistors	N/A	2.2k terminating resistors for clock and latch lines
RP0-RP1	Resistor Packs	N/A	1k row driver pull-ups (to reduce ghosting)
RP2-RP12	Resistor Packs	N/A	220 ohm LED column current limiters
RP13-RP28	Resistor Packs	N/A	10k button column pull-ups
S1	Button	N/A	OPN2 Ch3 Mode
S2	Button	N/A	PSG Noise Freq
S3	Button	N/A	PSG Noise Type
S4	Button	N/A	FM Voice Output
S5	Button	N/A	Algorithm
S6	Button	N/A	Key On
S7	Button	N/A	Mark Beginning
S8	Button	N/A	Move Up
S9	Button	N/A	Up One Command
S10	Button	N/A	Up One State
S11	Button	N/A	Mark End
S12	Button	N/A	Move Down
S13	Button	N/A	Down One Command
S14	Button	N/A	Down One State
S15	Button	N/A	Menu
S16-S23	Button	N/A	Softkeys
S24	Button	N/A	Enter
TF1	Triforce	Red	Triforce of Power
TF2	Triforce	Blue	Triforce of Wisdom
TF3	Triforce	Green	Triforce of Courage
U1-U12	IC	N/A	74HC595 Output Shift Register, SMD
U13-U20	IC	N/A	74HC165 Input Shift Register, SMD

Custom PCB / Veroboard Info

This is the mapping for the MBQG_FP board itself-if you have the commercially produced PCB from Sauraen, you don't need this info because it's already in the copper!

MIDIbox Quad Genesis supports its front panel controls in any valid MIDIbox button-LED matrix configuration, with the following restrictions:

DOUT Restrictions

- The same BLM must be used for buttons and LEDs, and it must have 8 rows.
- LED display digits must be common anode, connected with their anode to a DOUT shift register pin, and their cathodes to the row lines in the order 0-7 = A-B-C-D-E-F-G-DP.

DIN Restrictions

- The same BLM must be used for buttons and LEDs, and it must have 8 rows.
- Encoders must have their common pin grounded, and their two switching pins directly connected to two DIN shift register pins (not in the matrix).

For now, the mapping is hard-coded in frontpanel.c, but eventually (if there is interest), it will be read from a text-based configuration file on the SD card upon startup. If you match the matrix maps below, you won't need to edit this at all.

DOUT Matrix Map

Syntax:

- X = no item
- B = button
- EB = encoder button (push)
- L = LED
- R = Red
- G = Green
- G# = Genesis #
- O# = LED Ring Segment # (counted from bottom, clockwise)
- LW# = LED, FM Widget, Reference Designator # (since there is no good way to label the individual widget segments)

All LED display digits are wired, from rows 0 to 7: A-B-C-D-E-F-G-DP

VGM Commands Matrix is wired, from top to bottom, 0-1-2-3-4-5-6 (row 7 not used for any columns)

Counting the individual segments in the LED displays, there are 638 LEDs on the front panel.

SR	IDX	BIT	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
		0			R	OW0 DRIVER (A	ACTIVE HIGH)				
		1			R	OW1 DRIVER (A	ACTIVE HIGH)				
		2			R	OW2 DRIVER (A	ACTIVE HIGH)				
U1	1	3			R	OW3 DRIVER (A	ACTIVE HIGH)				
01	1	4			R	OW4 DRIVER (A	ACTIVE HIGH)				
		5			R	OW5 DRIVER (A	ACTIVE HIGH)				
		6	ROW6 DRIVER (ACTIVE HIGH)								
		7	ROW7 DRIVER (ACTIVE HIGH)								
		0	LR_G1_DAC	LG_G1_DAC	LR_G2_DAC	LG_G2_DAC	LR_G3_DAC	LG_G3_DAC	LR_G4_DAC	LG_G4_DAC	
		1	LR_G1_V1	LG_G1_V1	LR_G2_V1	LG_G2_V1	LR_G3_V1	LG_G3_V1	LR_G4_V1	LG_G4_V1	
		2	LR_G1_V2	LG_G1_V2	LR_G2_V2	LG_G2_V2	LR_G3_V2	LG_G3_V2	LR_G4_V2	LG_G4_V2	
U2	2	3	LR_G1_V3	LG_G1_V3	LR_G2_V3	LG_G2_V3	LR_G3_V3	LG_G3_V3	LR_G4_V3	LG_G4_V3	
02		4	LR_G1_V4	LG_G1_V4	LR_G2_V4	LG_G2_V4	LR_G3_V4	LG_G3_V4	LR_G4_V4	LG_G4_V4	
		5	LR_G1_V5	LG_G1_V5	LR_G2_V5	LG_G2_V5	LR_G3_V5	LG_G3_V5	LR_G4_V5	LG_G4_V5	
		6	X	X	X	X	LFOFREQ_O4	LFOFREQ_05	LFOFREQ_06	LFOFREQ_07	
		7	X	X	X	X	LFOFREQ_011	LFOFREQ_O10	LFOFREQ_09	LFOFREQ_08	

CD	IDX	RIT	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
JK	IDA		LR G1 V6		2 LR_G2_V6		LR_G3_V6	LG_G3_V6	LR_G4_V6	LG_G4_V6
			LR_G1_V0		LR_G2_V0 LR_G2_OPN2		LR_G3_V0	LG_G3_V0 LG_G3_OPN2	LR_G4_V0	
			LG_CTRL		LR_CTRL		LG_TIME	L_CMDS		L_STATE
			L_GROUP		L RESTART	L_SOLO	L_PLAY	L_RELEASE		L PNLOVR
U3	3		LR_G1_S1	_	LR_G2_S1	_	LR_G3_S1	LG_G3_S1	_	LG_G4_S1
			LR_G1_S2		LR_G2_S2		LR_G3_S2	LG_G3_S2		LG_G4_S2
		-	LR_G1_S3		LR_G2_S3		LR_G3_S3	LG_G3_S3		LG_G4_S3
			LR_G1_NOISE		LR_G2_NOISE	LG_G2_NOISE		LG_G3_NOISE		LG_G4_NOISE
			X	X	X	X	X	L_CH3NORM	L_CH34FREQ	
			Х		L_EG	L_LFO	L_DACOVR	L_UGLY	L_CH3FAST	X
		2	L_NFMED		 L_KSR	L_SSGON	L_SSGINIT	L_SSGTGL	L_SSGHOLD	L_LFOAM
			L_NFSQ3	_	L_NMPLS	L_NMWHT	X	X	X	X
U4	4	4	PSGVOL_O15	_		PSGVOL_012	PSGVOL_011	PSGVOL_010	PSGVOL_09	PSGVOL_08
		5	PSGVOL_O0	PSGVOL_01	PSGVOL_02	PSGVOL_03	PSGVOL_04	PSGVOL_05	PSGVOL_06	PSGVOL_07
		6	PSGFREQ_015	PSGFREQ_014	PSGFREQ_O13	PSGFREQ_O12	PSGFREQ_011	PSGFREQ_O10	PSGFREQ_09	PSGFREQ_08
		7	PSGFREQ_00	PSGFREQ_01	PSGFREQ_O2	PSGFREQ_03	PSGFREQ_04	PSGFREQ_O5	PSGFREQ_06	PSGFREQ_07
		0	RELRATE_O15	RELRATE_O14	RELRATE_O13	RELRATE_O12	RELRATE_O11	RELRATE_O10	RELRATE_O9	RELRATE_O8
		1	RELRATE_O0	RELRATE_O1	RELRATE_O2	RELRATE_O3	RELRATE_O4	RELRATE_O5	RELRATE_O6	RELRATE_O7
		2	CSMFREQ_015	CSMFREQ_014	CSMFREQ_013	CSMFREQ_012	CSMFREQ_011	CSMFREQ_O10	CSMFREQ_09	CSMFREQ_08
U5	5	3	CSMFREQ_00	CSMFREQ_01	CSMFREQ_02	CSMFREQ_O3	CSMFREQ_04	CSMFREQ_05		
		_	DECLVL_015				_	DECLVL_010		DECLVL_08
		5	DECLVL_00	DECLVL_01	DECLVL_02	DECLVL_03	DECLVL_04	DECLVL_05		DECLVL_07
			DEC2R_O15		DEC2R_O13	DEC2R_O12	DEC2R_O11	DEC2R_O10		DEC2R_O8
			DEC2R_O0		DEC2R_O2	DEC2R_O3	DEC2R_O4	DEC2R_O5	DEC2R_O6	DEC2R_O7
			DEC1R_O15		DEC1R_O13	DEC1R_O12	DEC1R_O11	DEC1R_O10	DEC1R_O9	DEC1R_O8
		_	DEC1R_O0		DEC1R_O2	DEC1R_O3	DEC1R_O4	DEC1R_O5	DEC1R_O6	DEC1R_O7
			ATTACK_015							ATTACK_08
U6	6		ATTACK_00		ATTACK_02		ATTACK_04	ATTACK_05		ATTACK_07
			X	X	X	X	DETUNE_011	DETUNE_010	DETUNE_09	DETUNE_08
			X	X	X	X	X	DETUNE_O5		DETUNE_07
		_	HARM_O15		HARM_O13		HARM_O11	HARM_O10		HARM_O8
			HARM_O0		HARM_O2	_	HARM_O4	HARM_O5	_	HARM_O7
		_	OP1LVL_00		OP1LVL_02	OP1LVL_03	OP1LVL_04	OP1LVL_05		OP1LVL_O7
			OP1LVL_O15 OP2LVL_O0	OP1LVL_O14 OP2LVL O1	OP1LVL_O13 OP2LVL O2	OP1LVL_O12 OP2LVL_O3	OP1LVL_O11 OP2LVL_O4	OP1LVL_O10 OP2LVL_O5	OP1LVL_O9 OP2LVL_O6	OP1LVL_O8 OP2LVL_O7
			OP2LVL_O0		_	OP2LVL_O3				OP2LVL_O7
U7	7	4	OFZEVE_OTS	OFZEVE_O14					OFZEVE_O9	OFZEVE_O6
		5	FREQUENCY DIGIT 3 COMMON ANODE FREQUENCY DIGIT 2 COMMON ANODE							
		6					COMMON ANOD			
		7				TAVE DIGIT CO				
		_	OP3LVL_O0	OP3LVL_O1	OP3LVL_O2		OP3LVL_O4	OP3LVL_O5	OP3LVL_06	OP3LVL_O7
			OP3LVL_O15	OP3LVL_O14	OP3LVL_013		OP3LVL_O11	OP3LVL_O10		OP3LVL_O8
			OP4LVL_O0	OP4LVL_O1	OP4LVL_O2	OP4LVL_O3	OP4LVL_O4	OP4LVL_O5		OP4LVL_O7
		_	OP4LVL_O15	OP4LVL_O14	OP4LVL_013	OP4LVL_O12	OP4LVL_O11	OP4LVL_O10		OP4LVL_O8
U8	8		X	X	X	x	LFOFDEP_O4	LFOFDEP_O5	LFOFDEP_06	
			Х	Х	X	Х	LFOFDEP_O11		LFOFDEP_09	
			Х	Х	X	Х		LFOADEP_O10		
		7				UENCY DIGIT 4	COMMON ANOD		_	
		0	Х	Х	X	Х	L_DACB9	L_DACENAB	LW46	Х
		1	LW45	LW48	LW51	LW49	L_KON1	L_KON2	L_KON3	L_KON4
		_		FEEDBACK_O10	FEEDBACK_09	FEEDBACK_08	_	L_DACB6	L_DACB7	L_DACB8
LIC				FEEDBACK_05			L_DACB1	L_DACB2	L_DACB3	L_DACB4
U9	9		LW32		LW37	LW38	LW34	 LW39	LW40	LW35
		5	L_OUTL		LW24	LW25	LW26	LW27	LW28	LW29
			LR_OP1	LG_OP1	LR_OP2	LG_OP2	LR_OP3	LG_OP3	LR_OP4	LG_OP4
			L_SELO1		L_SELO2	L_CARRO2	L_SELO3	L_CARRO3	L_SELO4	L_CARRO4

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SR	IDX	BIT	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
		0		MAIN DIGIT 4 COMMON ANODE								
		1		MAIN DIGIT 3 COMMON ANODE								
		2		MAIN DIGIT 2 COMMON ANODE								
U10	10	3 MAIN DIGIT 1 COMMON ANODE										
010	10	4	L_RAM0	L_RAM1	L_RAM2	L_RAM3	L_RAM4	L_RAM5	L_RAM6	L_RAM7		
		5	L_CHIP0	L_CHIP1	L_CHIP2	L_CHIP3	L_CARD3	L_CARD2	L_CARD1	L_CARD0		
		6	L_LOAD	L_CROP	L_SAVE	L_CAPTURE	L_NEW	L_DUPL	L_DELETE	L_PASTE		
		7	L_PROG	X	L_VGM	L_SYSTEM	L_MDLTR	L_VOICE	L_SAMPLE	L_CHAN		
		0			VGM CC	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 7:	FM 4				
		1			VGM CC	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 6:	FM 3				
		2			VGM CC	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 5:	FM 2				
U11		3			VGM CC	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 4:	FM 1				
011	11	4			VGM CO	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 3: (OPN2				
		5			VGM CC	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 2:	TIME				
		6			VGM CO	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 1:	CTRL				
		7				Х						
		0				Х						
		1			VGM COM	IMANDS MATRIX	COLUMN 14: 0	DP4/NS				
		2			VGM COM	MANDS MATRIX	COLUMN 13: C	P/SQ 3				
U12	12	3			VGM COM	MANDS MATRIX	COLUMN 12: C	P/SQ 2				
012	12	4			VGM COM	MANDS MATRIX	COLUMN 11: C	P/SQ 1				
		5			VGM CO	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 10:	DAC				
		6			VGM CC	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 9:	FM 6				
		7			VGM CC	MMANDS MATR	IX COLUMN 8:	FM 5				

DIN Matrix Map

SR	IDX	BIT	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
U13	1	0	OP4LVL ENCODER A								
		1	OP4LVL ENCODER B								
		2	LFOFDEP ENCODER B								
		3	LFOFDEP ENCODER A								
		4	LFOADEP ENCODER B								
		5	LFOADEP ENCODER A								
		6	LFOFREQ ENCODER A								
		7	LFOFREQ ENCODER B								
U14	2	0	B_MENU	B_G1_V2	X	B_G2_V2	Χ	B_G3_V2	B_ENTER	B_G4_V2	
		1	B_SOFT1	B_G1_V3	B_SOFT2	B_G2_V3	B_SOFT3	B_G3_V3	B_SOFT4	B_G4_V3	
		2	B_SOFT5	B_G1_V4	B_SOFT6	B_G2_V4	B_SOFT7	B_G3_V4	B_SOFT8	B_G4_V4	
		3	B_MARKST	B_G1_V5	B_MOVEUP	B_G2_V5	B_MARKEND	B_G3_V5	B_MOVEDN	B_G4_V5	
		4	Х	B_G1_V1	Х	B_G2_V1	Χ	B_G3_V1	Χ	B_G4_V1	
		5	Χ	B_G1_DAC	Х	B_G2_DAC	Χ	B_G3_DAC	Х	B_G4_DAC	
		6	B_SELO1	B_OUT	B_SELO2	B_ALG	B_SELO3	B_DACEN	B_SELO4	B_KON	
		7	X	X	Χ	X	EB_OP1LVL	EB_OP2LVL	EB_OP3LVL	EB_OP4LVL	
U15	3	0	Х	B_G1_V6	Х	B_G2_V6	Х	B_G3_V6	Х	B_G4_V6	
		1	Х	B_G1_OPN2	Х		Х		Х	B_G4_OPN2	
		2	Х	B_G1_S1	Χ	B_G2_S1	Х	B_G3_S1	Х	B_G4_S1	
		3	Х	B_G1_S2	Х	B_G2_S2	Х	B_G3_S2	Х	B_G4_S2	
		4	Х	B_G1_S3	Х	B_G2_S3	Х	B_G3_S3	Х	B_G4_S3	
		5	Х	B_G1_NOISE	Х	B_G2_NOISE		B_G3_NOISE		B_G4_NOISE	
		6	B_NSTYPE	B_NSFREQ	B_EG		B_DACOVR	B_UGLY	B_FAST	B_CH3MODE	
		7	Х	X	B_KSR	B_SSGON	B_SSGINIT	B_SSGTGL	B_SSGHOLD	B_LFOAM	

SR	IDX	BIT	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	4	0	CSMFREQ ENCODER A								
		1	CSMFREQ ENCODER B								
		2	RELRATE ENCODER A								
1116		3	RELRATE ENCODER B								
U16		4	PSGFREQ ENCODER A								
		5	PSGFREQ ENCODER B								
		6	PSGVOL ENCODER A								
		7	PSGVOL ENCODER B								
		0	DEC2R ENCODER B								
		1	DEC2R ENCODER A								
	5	2				DECLVL E	NCODER B				
U17		3				DECLVL E	NCODER A				
017		4				DEC1R E	NCODER B				
		5				DEC1R E	NCODER A				
		6				FREQ EN	ICODER B				
		7				FREQ EN	ICODER A				
		0				ATTACK E	NCODER B				
	6	1				ATTACK E	NCODER A				
		2				DETUNE E	NCODER B				
U18		3				DETUNE E	NCODER A				
		4					NCODER B				
		5					NCODER A				
		6					NCODER B				
		7					NCODER A				
	7	0					NCODER B				
		1					NCODER A				
		2					NCODER B				
U19		3					NCODER A				
		4					NCODER B				
		5					NCODER A				
		6					ENCODER B				
		7					ENCODER A				
		0	DATAWHEEL ENCODER B								
	8	1	DATAWHEEL ENCODER A								
		2					X				
U20		3	D CTD:	D CMDD:	D. CMDUS		X	D CMDC	D 67475115	D CTATE	
			B_CTRL	B_CMDDN	_	B_STATEDN		B_CMDS	B_STATEUP	B_STATE	
			B_LOAD	B_CROP	B_SAVE	B_CAPTURE		B_DUPL	B_DELETE	B_PASTE	
			B_GROUP	B_MUTE	B_RESTART		B_PLAY	B_RELEASE	B_RESET	B_PNLOVR	
		7	B_PROG	EB_DATAWHL	B_VGM	B_SYSTEM	B_MDLTR	B_VOICE	B_SAMPLE	B_CHAN	

3D Printed Items

The buttons on MBQG_FP consist simply of a 5mm tact switch and up to 2 3mm LEDs on the front panel board, and a 3D printed, transparent plastic button cap which sits loosely on top. It is held in by the front panel, its flanges, and the button and LEDs underneath.

MBQG_FP also uses a number of LED pipes, which are 3D printed, transparent pieces which are held in the slots of the aluminum front panel by friction, and which are intended to cause the slot to light up uniformly when lit underneath by an LED. The original version used LED pipes for all the LED rings,

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but since this was extremely tedious, I recommend only using the LED pipes for the FM Widget and the DAC VU meter.

Things You Should Know If Having These Printed

- You need 115 buttons and 26 LED pipes, assuming you're not using LED pipes for all the LED rings. However, especially if the 3D printer (machine and/or person) is inexperienced, you will need lots of extras. For the LED pipes, because they are friction-fit, buy at least double the number you will need; and for the buttons, at least 20 extra or so.
- The total cost to have these items printed should be roughly \$20-\$30 plus shipping. If someone is trying to charge you more than that, either there's an issue (like they got the scale wrong and think you want giant-sized parts), or they're trying to gyp you.

Things You Need to Tell the Person Printing Them

- The scale in the STL files is 1 INCH, not 1 mm. The buttons should be about 1/2" or 12mm wide. (This is not intended as an engineering dimension, just as a sanity check-use the actual dimensions in the file.)
- Either ABS or PLA transparent filament should work. I had the guy who made them for me do tests with both, and I liked the light-up appearance of the ABS better but the "off" appearance of the PLA better. But they were pretty similar.
- I had the guy who made them for me do tests with different fill rates, and if I remember correctly around 10% fill worked best. 100% fill would be needlessly expensive and would dim the LEDs.
- The buttons need to be printed with the flanges and the cutout down, and the beveled rectangular surface up. The LED pipes need to be printed with the flat surface down and the crown-shaped end up.

Downloads

(You must be logged in with your MIDIbox Forum account to access the downloads)

mbqg_fp_buttons.stl

mbqg fp ledpipes.stl

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