

MIDIbox SD Card Polyphonic Sample Player

This is a brief description of a project in progress to play back samples in real time from an SD card to an I2S based DAC on the Midibox. It will play a number of samples simultaneously, mixing the output to the DAC, the number of samples depends upon the performance of the SD card.

Hardware


You will need:

- Midibox LPC1769 core - see http://www.ucapps.de/mbhp_core_lpc17.html (or make a minimal setup like I did)
- I2C DAC (ie TDA1543) - see http://www.ucapps.de/mbhp_i2s.html but MAKE SURE YOU RUN THE TDA1543 DAC FROM 5V AS 3.3V SOUNDS BAD
- SD card interface - see http://www.ucapps.de/mbhp_sdcard.html
- SD card formatted as FAT (NOT FAT32 - important as FAT32 performance currently isn't fast enough) - this limits you typically to cards ≤2GB
- MIDI data via USB or the standard Midi in

I have currently only tested this on the LPC1769 based MIOS32 Midibox. It should work in theory if compiled for the STM32, but I don't have one to try!

Creating files on SD card

The system currently looks for a file called 'bank.1' on the SD card root. This is a text file, but must have Unix style line feeds (not DOS style) - just use your friendly programmer's file editor to create

one (or make it on a Mac ). It will read up to 64 lines from this file, each line mapping a MIDI note, and the format is e.g:

```
0x39 0 0031 c_a.raw  
0x3a 1 0000 c_bf.raw
```

where the first number is the MIDI note number in Hex, the single digit is 0=no sample hold, 1=sample hold (ie for drums etc), the 4 digit number is a decimal value for an envelope decay (0000=no decay, and up to 1023 is supported) and after the space is the filename of the sample to play (up to 8.3 characters).

It looks for the samples in the root of the SD card.

The sample format is fixed as: 44.1kHz 16 bit RAW little endian. Quite a mouthful. Basically use Audacity, Soundforge etc to convert whatever samples you have into this format.

Currently you have to provide a note mapping for each note you want to sound, and usually therefore you will need to generate a sample of the right pitch for each note. This is a lot of samples for a full key range, but hey hopefully you only have to do this once!

Other notes

- The performance of the SD card will alter how well this works. Remembered to only use FAT format? Good.
- Every 5.8mS, it will read data from the SD card depending on which MIDI notes are on. There's a built in safety net that stops reading more notes after about 4-5mS (otherwise we risk a crash).
- It is coded to play up to 8 notes polyphony, but depending on the card speed you may get only 5-6 from time to time...
- If you watch the debug output in MIOS Studio, it reports the samples loaded on initialisation and also if the safety net is kicking in

Latest features

- We can now do a decay envelope, and this is specified for each individual samples (eg staccato / legato)
- You can do sample hold per sample, eg have a bank where drum sounds are on some notes, and other non-hold samples such as bass are on other notes
- It now supports velocity sensitivity, and this is translated to volume via a look up table
- Bank switching is supported on the fly (ie without a reboot) - though program change isn't there yet
- Thanks to TK the sector positions on the SD card are cached leading to much better stability with multiple notes sounding

To do

- Implement bank switches from MIDI program change
- Rewrite the envelope filtering and voice assignment as a seperate MIOS task
- Make the bank file parsing more robust, and support comments, invalid lines etc

Files

- Now uploaded to the MIOS32 SVN at:
- <http://svnmios.midibox.org/listing.php?reaname=svn.mios32&path=%2Ftrunk%2Fapps%2Fsyntax%2FSD+card+sample+player%2F>

From: <https://www.midibox.org/dokuwiki/> - **MIDIbox**

Permanent link: https://www.midibox.org/dokuwiki/doku.php?id=midibox_sd_card_sample_player&rev=1321574653

Last update: **2011/11/18 00:04**

